NCMGMA Medicare Committee Update:

The primary focus of the Medicare Committee this year has been to provide communications covering Medicare coverage/code and program changes and updates. There have been many and . CMS has been busy in 2020 setting the stage for other government and private payers through their approach in updating coverage and reimbursement policies during the COVID-19 public health emergency (PHE), i.e. temporary removal of originating site barriers, expanded telehealth coverage and reimbursement, waived beneficiary copays for certain COVID-19 related visits/procedures, etc. I have attached a table that highlights some of the major changes that we have seen so far.

CMS published two COVID-19 interim rules as well as an Interoperability Final Rule to authorize and allow for the changes needed to address the public health emergency. In addition to all of the COVID-19 adjustments, CMS released the CY 2021 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Interim Rule in August, which included a number of proposals to extend, transition, or make permanent many of the COVID-19 flexibilities. Some of the highlighted areas proposed in the rule are:

- Make permanent some telehealth services/codes that were added for the PHE
- Revise the definition for "interactive telecommunication systems" to be more broad and inclusive of different modalities
- Direct supervision provided via real-time, interactive audio and video technology
- Developing coding and payment for audio-only visits after the PHE
- Clarified times for prolonged office/outpatient E/M visits which would allow for a payment increase (however, in its current state would be offset by reducing payments for other services)
- A decrease in the conversion factor by \$3.83 due to a budget neutrality adjustment that has been statutorily mandated
- Permit NPs, CNS, PAs, and CNMs to supervise performance of diagnostic tests, as well as grant
 physical and occupational therapists the option to delegate maintenance therapy services to a
 therapy assistant
- Delay implementation of the MIPS Value Pathways until 2022
- Make key changes to ACO reporting and scoring policies such as sunset the CMS Web Interface, eliminate the MIPS APM scoring standard and replace with the APM Performance Pathway, and a update the MIPS scoring breakdown (Quality = 40%, Cost = 20%, IA = 15%, and PI = 25%)

There have been a number of other flexibilities and changes that CMS has over 2020 in light of the PHE. I have only highlighted a few for the purpose of this summation.

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Summary of COVID-19-Related Regulatory Change Themes

| Theme | Purpose of existing regulations | Intended benefit of changes | Potential impact on beneficiaries |
|--|--|---|--|
| Alternative care sites | Set payment rates and clinical requirements for different facility types based on their unique features | Ensure capacity to handle a potential surge of COVID-19 patients through temporary expansion sites | Pro: Provides more choice in sites to access care Con: Patients may not know facility and may be surprised by billing and cost-sharing rates |
| Benefits and care management | Ensure that beneficiaries have access to certain items and services and quality of care from Medicare providers, facilities, and plans | Cover new services, modify requirements for services, remove prior authorization requirements, and ease requirements for patient assessments and care plans | Pro: Easier access is given to prescription drugs and testing Con: Some patient rights are curtailed, and there is a risk of reduced quality of care |
| Conditions of participation | Define facility types by characteristics and ensure that providers comply with measures to protect patients and program spending | Ease or waive requirements providers must meet to participate in Medicare | Pro: Access to providers is maintained or expanded Con: Increases risk of reduced quality and risk of fraud, waste, and abuse |
| Expanded testing | Not applicable | Enable more COVID-19 testing at more locations | Pro: Provides more access to testing Con: Increases risk of surprise billing and cost sharing |
| Payment systems and quality programs | Ensure that Medicare pays providers appropriately; deters fraud, abuse, and overuse; and incentivizes payment systems to reward value | Waive some payment system and quality requirements to maintain or increase provider payments | Pro: Maintained or expanded access to providers Con: Increases risk of reduced quality of care and higher cost-sharing |
| Provider capacity and workforce | Limit the provision of some services to certain types of providers | Remove scope-of-practice and other barriers for clinicians to treat patients | Pro: Maintained or expanded access to providers Con: Increases risk of reduced quality of care |

| Theme | Purpose of existing regulations | Intended benefit of changes | Potential impact on beneficiaries |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Reporting and audit requirements | Collect information to improve Medicare program and deter fraud, abuse, and overuse | Limit collection of some information and pause audit activity | Pro: New reporting will yield more information Con: Reporting cuts will yield less information |
| Safety requirements | Protect patients from serious harm (for example, fires, health care-acquired infections) | Temporarily suspend some safety requirements to reduce provider responsibility and facility traffic | Pro: Provides potential for facilities to focus more on COVID-19 Con: Increases risks to patient safety |
| Telehealth | Limit use of telehealth to services that may be better suited to the technology and deter fraud, abuse, and overuse | Increase use of telehealth for clinicians to provide services and supervision | Pro: Maintained or expanded provider access; no exposure to risk of COVID-19 infection Con: Increases potential of reduced quality, surprise billing, and cost-sharing |

Note: This table summarizes characteristics that are generally shared across changes within each theme category. For more information on individual changes, see the companion policy tracker.
Source: Jennifer Podulka and Jonathan Blum, Regulatory Changes to Medicare in Response to COVID-19, (Commonwealth Fund, August 2020).